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ERASMUS+ K2 « PASSPORT TO THE FUTURE »
IMMIGRANTS IN THE ITALIAN LABOUR MARKET

ARCOS DE VALDEVEZ 25-30 -October-2021

Co-funded by the
Erasmus+ Programme
of the European Union



Immigrants in the Italian Labour Market

* The most recent waves of migration have been from Eastern Europe, Asia and above all North Africa
* In Italy foreign residents are 5,036 million and most of them have a migration background according to the annual report on immigrants in the labour market
* These figures do not include illegal immigrants whose numbers are difficult to determine and are often victims of people smuggling organizations.
* The presence of foreign workers plays a role of utmost importance in various economic sectors:" Hotels and restaurants" (17.9%), "Agriculture" (17.9%) and "Construction" (17.2%).
* Immigrants are concentrated in low-skill jobs, 80% of them works as manual worker.
* They may experience multiple disadvantages through low income, poor housing, inadequate health care and barriers to lifelong learning, culture, sport and recreation

Legal Foreign Workers



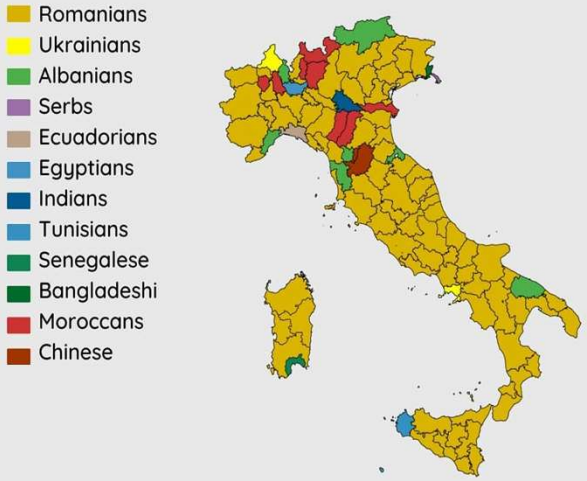
Hiring a foreign domestic worker requires a procedure that the employer must follow in order not to incur heavy penalties.

First of all an application for clearance must be submitted to the Single Desk for Immigration (SUI) of the province.

Then the employer must:

* find the required documents;
* formalize the hiring;
* pay contributions;
* change the employment relationship.

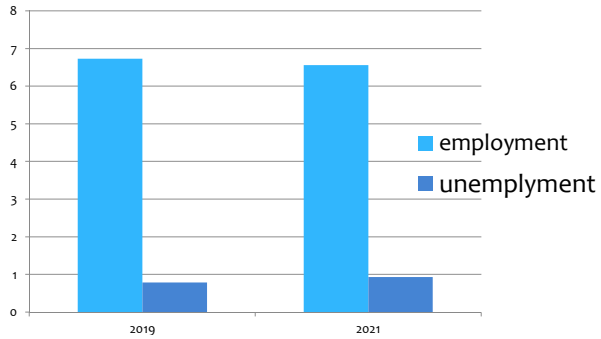
Immigrants' nationalities in Italian provinces



NATIONALITY (YEAR 2019)

Nationality	(n.)	% on foreigners	% on population
Romania	1,145,314	22.73	1.92
Albania	421,444	8.36	0.71
Marocco	414,178	8.22	0.69
Cina Rep. Popolare	288,921	5.73	0.48
Ucraina	228,525	4.53	0.38
Filippine	157,664	3.13	0.26
India	153,202	3.04	0.26
Bangladesh	138,894	2.76	0.23
Egitto	128,095	2.54	0.21
Pakistan	121,601	2.41	0.20
Moldova	118,468	2.35	0.20
Nigeria	113,044	2.24	0.19
Sri Lanka	107,574	2.13	0.18
Senegal	106,196	2.11	0.18
Tunisia	93,331	1.85	0.16

* The Pandemic has caused a decrease in their employment rate (from 67.3% to 65.6%) and an increase in the unemployment rate (from 7.9% to 9.3%).
* Most of these immigrants' families risk poverty (**25% in families with at least a foreigner)**
* They have restricted job opportunities or they often lose their jobs (**35% workers who have lost their jobs in 2020 (160,000 over 450,000) are foreigners**



Illegal immigration is increasing and leads to slavery and blackmail



Most illegal immigrants work in the fields picking up vegetables and fruit. They are underpaid and work about 10 hours a day.
Women are paid less than men and unfortunately are often abused.
Some immigrants work in illicit activities like dealing and prostitution.
Some become members of criminal gangs



Foreigners and above all children are the most affected at educational and health levels.

They have the highest percentage of school dropouts with a very low standard of education.

The children who do not receive education work under illegal, dangerous and exploitative conditions



SIGNS OF INTEGRATION



To combat early school leaving, Italy gives great importance to social and school integration.

More attention has recently been paid to the difficulties faced by the immigrants' children

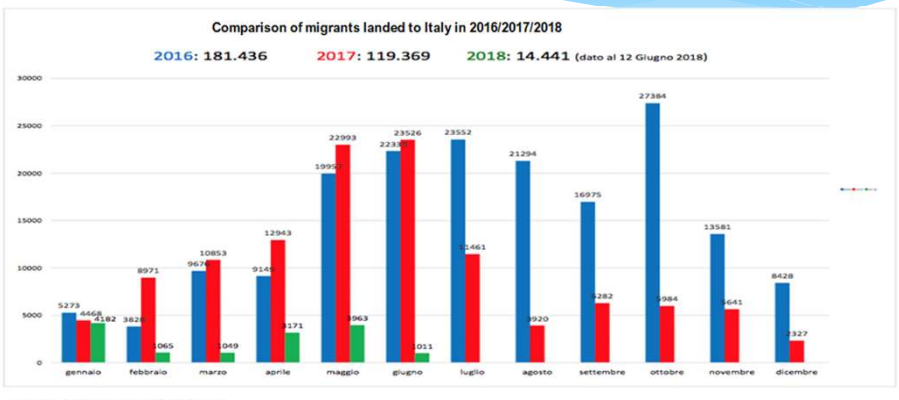


A good immigration policy is useful for the whole country at economic and social level.



The percentage of immigrants helps to counteract the Italian demographic decline.

From 2015 to 2018, foreign residents in Italy increased by about 240,000 people.



source: Department of the Interior



«IMMIGRANTS STEAL OUR JOBS»

FALSE



The contribution of immigration to the GDP is about 9% of the total GDP. Foreigners employed are about 10.6% of the total.

Integration must be a mutual exchange of human experiences on a cultural and psychological level from which a more extensive and mature perspective emerges that can improve each of us.



As a result of the growing number of immigrants, Italy has become a multiethnic and multicultural society.



Multiculturalism has developed an interest in discovering new places and tastes.

Traditional dishes from Africa, Eastern Europe and Asia are now very common and usually served in Italy:

* Tikka masala
* Cous Cous
* Kebab







* Moussaka
* Würstel and sauerkraut
* Gulash







Immigrants can freely profess their religion.
In addition, in Italian schools non-catholic students are relieved from religion classes
They study other subjects during those lessons



In Italy Islam is the second most widespread religion after Christianity as a result of immigration from countries with a Muslim majority.
Mosques have been built in some Italian cities



REMEMBER:

before discriminating and criticizing you have to think of what the real reasons that lead to migration are.



THANK YOU
FOR YOUR ATTENTION

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